

NINETY-SIXTH YEAR.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 21, 1904.

PRICE In St. Louis, One Cent.  
Outside, Two Cents.  
On Train, Three Cents.

## GROUP OF NOTED EDITORS AT THE WORLD'S PRESS PARLIAMENT

WILLIAM HILL OF THE  
LONDON DISPATCHFRANCIS CROSSBIE ROLE,  
EDITOR TIMES OF  
CEYLONYATES AND LOWDEN  
FORCE ADJOURNMENTIllinois Republican Convention  
Takes Recess Until After-  
noon of May 31.

## DENEEN'S CHANCES HELPED.

Present Governor Is Expected to  
Recognize His Inability to Be  
Renominated and Make a  
Combination.

REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.  
Springfield, Ill., May 20.—The Republican State Convention adjourned to-day until May 31 at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Only one ballot was taken this morning, when it was announced that all the candidates for Governor had agreed to the adjournment.

There was some opposition to the motion among the country delegates, who were anxious to close the game, and get back to business. Mr. Bundy of Clinton was among the most earnest for continuing the game to the end. On a roll call, which was ordered by Chairman Cannon, the motion prevailed, with only 33 votes in the negative.

In the ballot this morning, the fifty-eighth of the convention, little change was noted. Yates received 43; Lowden, 32; Deneen, 25; Hamlin, 11; Sherman, 4; Warner, 3; and Pierce, 2.

If anything was accomplished at the conference looking to the ending of the deadlock, it was not apparent to-day. There was a disagreement among the leaders over adjournment at first. Lowden preferred going ahead until a candidate was nominated. Yates wanted a recess of ten days, and Deneen asked for thirty. Hamlin and Sherman thought the question would be settled to-day or to-morrow, if the convention confined itself to roll calls. Deneen and Yates, having a majority of the convention behind them, won.

There is some probability of the convention transacting its business in one day when it returns. Governor Yates, it is thought, cannot be renominated. That much was settled by his failure to break into Lowden's or Deneen's forces. It is up to the Governor to decide whether he prefers to be a dead martyr or a living hero, for he can name the candidate. There is little satisfaction, and no honor or profit in dying in the ditch, and he is not likely to die there. The trump of Gabriel cannot resurrect him as a politician for the future.

YATES TO MAKE BEST TERMS.  
It is the consensus of opinion that the Governor will make the best terms he can with one of the candidates, and gracefully bow to the inevitable. He cannot only name his successor, but also get a division of the State offices for his friends.

The identity of Governor Yates's favorite is unknown. Will he select him from the leading candidates—Deneen, Lowden, Sherman and Hamlin—and which will it be? He will have to divide the credit with somebody else, if he chooses Sherman or Hamlin, for his votes, added to those of both, will not nominate without assistance from Deneen or Lowden.

Deneen is the candidate of the "Trust Press," about which Governor Yates has said so much disparagingly. To throw himself in the arms of Deneen would be to place in power his bitterest enemies. Yet, it has been suggested that the new papers have signified a willingness to "be good" to Yates in the future, and also to endorse anything in the way of a trade. Mr. Deneen can make with him, in return for the nomination for Deneen. A Yates-Deneen combination is possible, but not reasonable.

The hardest fighter the Governor met in his campaign was Lowden, and many believe he would have been nominated had not Lowden been a candidate. There is one common bond of sympathy between Yates and Lowden, and it is a strong one. Both were denounced by the newspapers of Chicago, who supported Deneen. Yates, for his own alleged sins, was roasted, and Lowden on account of the company he kept, that is Lorimer, Jameson and Haney.

Lowden's Chicago friends made Yates Governor four years ago, and they are still friendly to him, but all their votes would nominate him again.

On the whole, the most reasonable combination is Yates and Lowden, and probably a majority of the delegates are expecting it to be made.

EXCISE COMMISSIONER  
WOULD NOT WITNESS DANCE.  
Mike O'Donnell Took Girl to Seibert's Office—Case Is Taken Under Adversity.

Excise Commissioner Seibert yesterday refused to witness a performance of the dances at the saloon and beer hall conducted by Mike O'Donnell, at No. 222 Olive street, although a pretty girl had been escorted to the Excise office for that purpose.

The Excise Commissioner decided that any dance performed in his office, no matter how dignified, would not lend dignity to a proceeding of the kind, and he took the case under advisement after hearing all the evidence.

O'Donnell is charged with keeping a disorderly place. He is opposed by the Home Protective Federation, which is particularly opposed to the style of dances conducted at O'Donnell's place.

The dances in question were referred to as "do-do," "bungaloo," "pas-ma-la" and "hoo-hoo." Mike O'Donnell had at least fifty witnesses present, and declared that his dances were not different from those performed at any other dance hall.

SWEDISH EDITOR ARRIVES.  
Says Crown Prince Will Come to Fair If King's Health Permits.

REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.  
New York, May 20.—Gus at Guilberg, a Swedish editor and writer, arrived to-day on the Maquette of the White Star Line on his way to St. Louis, where he is to deliver an address before the Swedish-American Society.

Mr. Guilberg is the assistant editor of the "Crown Prince of Sweden is most anxious to witness a performance of the dances at the saloon and beer hall conducted by Mike O'Donnell, at No. 222 Olive street, although a pretty girl had been escorted to the Excise office for that purpose."

"In Sweden we have always had the best of the United States in our country," he said, "and I shall see the best of the United States in our country."

He had been visiting at the lake for several years.

He is survived by a wife and two children. Mrs. Keady was at her home in St. Louis and was notified of her husband's death. Coroner Koch of St. Louis County held an inquest last night.

NEW CITY HOSPITAL BIDS.  
Lowest Offer to Complete the  
Building Is \$115,828.

At the meeting of the Board of Public Improvements yesterday bids were opened for the completion of the new City Hospital. Offers ranged from \$115,828 to \$135,000. Fred Boeke was the lowest bidder.

Ten streets were let and ordinances for the following streets were presented by the Street Commissioner, and will be sent to the Municipal Assembly.

Conde street, between Linton street and Adelaide avenue, brick; North Market street, between Hamilton avenue and the Suburban tracks asphalt; Maritt avenue, between Marcus and Euclid avenues, brick; Sarpy avenue, between Sarah street and Boyle avenue, asphalt; McKinley street, between Euclid and Boyle avenues, brick; Utah street, between Lemp and Missouri avenues, asphalt; and Jefferson avenue, between Warren and Harris avenues, macadam.

SAYS SHE HAS A HUSBAND.  
Traveling Man Accuses Woman  
He Intended to Marry.

Bernard Petchaft, a traveling man from New York City, a guest at a downtown hotel, complained to Chief Desmond yesterday that Mrs. Rosebaum, formerly of New Orleans, but now of St. Louis, had secured money, jewelry and clothes amounting to \$500 from him under false pretenses.

Petchaft is said to have admitted that he had courted Mrs. Rosebaum and had intended to marry her, he said, until he met her at a hotel in New Orleans. He said that he had met her at a hotel in New Orleans, and that he had intended to marry her, but that he had changed his mind.

New York. Mrs. Rosebaum was arrested at No. 148 Franklin avenue yesterday, and is being held pending application for a warrant. Joseph Goldberger, a traveling companion of Mrs. Rosebaum's, is also being held by the police.

RECENT PHOTOGRAPH OF NEW YORK  
DEMOCRACY'S PRESIDENTIAL CHOICE.JUDGE ALTON BROOKS PARKER.  
As he appears when at home, ready for a brisk walk in the open air. The picture was made within the last week.RADIUM CAUSES EARTH'S HEAT?  
STARTLING NEW THEORY.

SPECIAL BY CABLE TO NEW YORK HERALD AND THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC.  
London, Saturday, May 20.—(Copyright, 1904.)—Is the heat of the earth due, not to the fact that it is a molten mass, which has been slowly cooling for millions of years, but to the presence in it of that mysteriously fascinating element—radium?

Professor Ernest Rutherford, a young but already distinguished pupil of Professor J. J. Thomson of Cambridge, who first measured the mass and velocity of radium, threw out the latter suggestion in a lecture before the Royal Institute last night.

Lord Kelvin had calculated that, assuming the earth to be a molten mass when it first started its own career, it would take 100,000,000 years to cool down to its present temperature, but, added the lecturer, inclining his head toward the gray-headed scientist, who was present, Lord Kelvin had shown a prophetic insight when he added:

"Provided a new source of heat is not discovered."

Mr. Rutherford thought that radium was proved to be insufficient in quantities in the earth to supply a new theory as to the source of the earth's heat, so that we should not require the many millions of years which geologists and biologists had reasoned out as the time taken in the cooling process before life on the globe was possible.

This startling new theory, ventured modestly, was not discussed after the lecture, but the scientists went away greatly interested in a proposition which in effect means a reconstruction of hitherto accepted facts.

The Daily Mail points out that Mr. Rutherford's calculation leads to the conclusion that the earth may have been habitable for many millions of years, and that it further upsets all accepted theories as to the duration of life, since a millionth portion of radium only exhausts itself in 20,000,000 years.

CREDIT MAN  
ENDS HIS LIFE.

Alfred S. Keady of the John Deere Plow Company, Shoots Himself Through Head.

Alfred S. Keady of No. 566 Page boulevard, credit man for the John Deere Plow Company, committed suicide yesterday afternoon by shooting himself through the head in his room at the hotel in Studt's Park, at Creve Coeur Lake.

His health, from which he had been suffering for several months, is supposed to have been the cause of Keady's act, although he had given no intimation to any one of his intentions, and Manager Studt and his guests were much surprised when they rushed to his room after hearing the shot and found him lying dead on the floor.

Keady went to his room about 4:30 o'clock and undressed before firing the fatal shot. He used a rifle that he had taken with him to shoot frogs.

He had been visiting at the lake several days, fishing and hunting. Thursday he was on the lake the greater part of the day, with John Hiram of Fern Ridge, who stated last night that he appeared in his usual cheerful spirits. Keady had been taking his spring outings at the lake for several years.

He is survived by a wife and two children. Mrs. Keady was at her home in St. Louis and was notified of her husband's death. Coroner Koch of St. Louis County held an inquest last night.

FORTY-ONE HURT IN WRECK.  
Engineer Killed in Smashup on  
Narrow Gauge Near Salida, Colo.

Pueblo, Colo., May 20.—A special to the Chief from Salida, says that the narrow gauge Denver and Rio Grande south-bound passenger train No. 115 was wrecked on Cumbers Hill.

Engineer Frank Evanston was killed and forty-one are reported injured.

COSSACKS CUT OFF  
JAPS IN ADVANCE  
TOWARD MUKDEN.

General Kuroki Caught in  
Trap and Forced to Re-  
tire to Fung-Wang-  
Cheng.

## RUSSIANS DISPLAY STRATEGY.

Kuropatkin Retires, but Reap-  
pears Suddenly After Gather-  
ing Increased Forces.

## JAP VICTORY AT SHAN-CHUAN.

Czar's Troops Repulsed in Lively  
Encounter in Which Fifty Men  
Are Slain—Mikado Lands  
More Soldiers at Taku-  
Shan.

St. Petersburg, May 20.—The following dispatch from General Kuropatkin to the Czar, dated at Liao-Yang, May 19, has been received:

"A detachment of Cossacks engaged a detachment of the Japanese advance guard on May 18, north of Fung-Wang-Cheng in a mountainous region. The fight began in the morning and lasted until 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

"The Japanese were successfully dislodged from four positions, extending over fifteen miles.

"The pursuit of the Japanese was stopped at Dattianzy, thirteen miles north of Fung-Wang-Cheng.

"Our casualties were six Cossacks wounded, two horses killed and eight horses wounded.

"There is no trace of the enemy in the valley of Tsan-shan, so far as the road leading to the Tehangwan-Lian Pass, eighteen miles north of Fung-Wang-Cheng, or in the valley of the Ai River from Salmasa to Shan-Den-San, on the road to Doun-San-San.

"A squadron of Japanese cavalry, which left Kuan-Dian-San on May 17 for which was repulsed by one of our patrols at Shaoche, twelve miles from Kuan-Dian-San. The patrol retired without loss.

"Japanese Infantry 2,000 strong advanced on May 15 toward Salmasa, which was evacuated on May 15."

JAPS FALL VICTIM  
TO RUSSIAN STRATEGY.

Since General Kuroki sent a column northward to gain the road leading directly west from Mukden, General Kuropatkin has kept it under the closest surveillance, awaiting the moment when it should be so distant from the main Japanese army as to prevent its easy re-encounter. In observing this plan the Russians withdrew and the Japanese, not finding a strong force of the enemy before them, continued to advance. When the time for action came, General Kuropatkin let General Rensungampf loose from leash. General Rensungampf had under his command only a few regiments, but they were the flower of the Cossack Cavalry.

The General Staff took occasion to-day to deny the report of a battle having been fought at Kai-Chou in which 200 Russians were killed. As a matter of fact, the Russians quietly withdrew from Kai-Chou, being unwilling to expose their force at that point to the attack of a column marching from the east—the landed in Southern Liao-Tung. The evacuation of Kai-Chou also shows it is said, that there is no truth in the report that Kuropatkin has sent 10,000 men to retake that place.

The report that Kuropatkin has sent 10,000 men to retake Port Arthur is declared by the General Staff to be incredible. Such a move, they say, would only court disaster, for Kuroki naturally would take advantage of the movement to throw his entire army across the railroad and strike from the rear while the Japanese troops in Southern Liao-Tung would attack in front.

No news has reached here of the engagement at Kin-Chow, and the absence of information is explained by the slowness of communication, due to the strength of the Japanese force assailing the Russian positions around Port Arthur.

No surprise is expressed at the fact that engagements occur as the Russians fall back on Port Arthur. It is reiterated that Lieutenant General Roosen's plan does not contemplate impeding the fortress by the loss of too many men outside.

The authorities rather believe their information that he had almost entirely withdrawn inside the fortress defenses several days ago.

That the Japanese will strain every nerve to take Port Arthur, in view of the disaster to their fleet, is not questioned in naval circles, and, in spite of the danger of Russian mines, Admiral Togo is expected to co-operate in the assault upon Port Arthur. It is suggested that he may land heavy guns, but this is doubted by the General Staff, who know that the force which landed at Pitsweo debarked sleep guns, which can readily be brought into position before Port Arthur so soon as the ice is clear.

JAPS REPULSE RUSSIANS  
NEAR SHAN-CHUAN.

Tokio, May 20.—3:30 p. m.—The following official statement has just been issued here:

"A section of infantry of the Liao-Tung forces went in the direction of Shan-Chuan to reconnoitre and met two sections of Russian troops.

"The Russians were repulsed in thirty minutes. Our casualties were one officer killed and four men killed, and one officer and eight men wounded. The Russian casualties were one officer and forty to fifty men killed.

"The leading Japanese troops at Taku-Shan (west of the mouth of the Yalu River), began yesterday."

Admiral Hosoya, commanding the Third Squadron, reports that with the Third Squadron, consisting of the Fusu, Hayeno, Tanikuni, Sei Yen and other vessels, he

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AMERICA DEMANDS  
VIGOROUS ACTION

American Captive Taken to  
Mountain Fastnesses by  
Bandits.

## PRISONER A GLOBE-TROTTER.

Ion Perdicaris Is Known as an  
Author, Artist, Sculptor, and  
Commands the Friendship  
of Many Public Men.

## REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.

Washington, May 20.—No gentle diplomacy will figure in this Government's dealings with the Sultan of Morocco in regard to the kidnapping of Ion Perdicaris, an American citizen, and his English stepson, who was kidnapped at Tangier Wednesday night. Already instructions have been sent to Consul Gummere at Tangier to get the utmost vigor into his demands on the Sultan for the rescue of the captive.

Mr. Perdicaris was not only one of the wealthiest residents of Tangier, but he was, before removing there, of sufficient importance in Trenton, N. J., to command the active friendship of both Senators and a portion of the congressional delegation from that State.

About the first thing which came to the attention of Acting Secretary Loomis at the State Department this morning were telegrams from Representative Lanning, Senator Keen and Senator Dryden. Mr. Lanning stated that Mr. Perdicaris was born in New Jersey and had inherited a large fortune made in gas stock speculation from his father, who was a Greek.

He traveled extensively, was an author of some repute, completing and publishing several books. He was also an artist and a sculptor. In the course of his globe-trotting, he visited Tangier, and it so captivated his artistic tendencies that he decided to take up his residence there, purchasing one of the Sultan's palaces for the purpose.

His hospitality is said to have been lavish. He was 65 years old, and married an English woman, whose son by a previous marriage is the Varley who was kidnapped with Mr. Perdicaris.

Consul Gummere informed the State Department to-day by cable that the bandits had carried the captives into the mountains. No terms of ransom have yet been received by their friends or by the Moroccan authorities, who, Mr. Gummere remarks, are assisting in every way the attempts at rescue.

Mr. Gummere states, however, that the presence of a warship will be of great assistance. The State Department therefore will make no change in the orders for Rear Admiral Chadwick, commanding the South Atlantic fleet, to send one ship immediately to Tangier when he arrives at the Canary Islands, and to follow with the rest of his squadron.

Tangier is really within the limits of the European station, and the usual thing would be for the European Squadron to handle the affair, but Admiral Chadwick is nearest. It is altogether probable that when the European Squadron under Rear Admiral Jewell arrives at the Azores, about May 23, he will be ordered to relieve Admiral Chadwick, who will then proceed to Madagascar, probably through Suez, although that route may be changed for one via Cape Town.

A British torpedo destroyer has already arrived at Tangier.

## To Increase Frisco Stock.

Sherman, Tex., May 20.—The stockholders of the St. Louis, San Francisco and Kansas Railway met at the general offices of the company here to-day and voted favorably on the proposition to increase the capital stock from \$20,000 to \$30,000, and to purchase the following roads: Paris and Great Northern, Red River, Texas and Southern, Blackwell, Smith and Texas, and Oklahoma City and Texas.

COUNTY CROOKS ROB  
VISITOR OF \$300.

When He Fails to Bet on "Three-  
Card Monte," Highwaymen  
Fleece E. E. Rushing.

## THIEVES POSE AS OFFICERS.

Louisiana Farmer Who Brought  
His Wife to a St. Louis Hos-  
pital, Reports Experience  
to Chief Desmond.

## REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.

After having failed to make E. E. Rushing, a World's Fair visitor, "bite" at the three-card monte game in St. Louis County yesterday, four men, supposed to be a gang of sharpers, whom many complaints have been lodged in St. Louis recently, robbed him of \$300 in broad daylight.

Rushing, who is a resident of Enterprise, La., came to St. Louis early in the week to place his wife in the St. Louis Protestant Hospital. He then started out to see the sights.

Yesterday he called upon Chief Desmond to try and recover money which was taken from him by sharpers, who claimed that they were members of the Police Department.

According to Rushing's story, he was robbed on one of the county roads about a mile west of the Delmar race track. He had been stopping at the Epworth Hotel. While strolling he met a stranger who introduced himself and together the pair continued their walk.

They soon came upon another stranger, who, likewise, introduced himself, but a few minutes later, offered to show them a few tricks with the cards. He offered to bet Rushing he could not pick a card which the sharper designated as "mine." Rushing's first acquaintance called his attention to the fact that the cards on the board were marked, at the same time telling him that that one was surely the card to pick if he wanted it.

Rushing remarked, however, that he knew which was the right card, and that he started to walk away, saying that he did not want to "win the young man's money."

Rushing's first companion started off with him, but before they had walked a half block two men who up to this time had not appeared on the scene, came running after them.

As they drew near, Rushing says, they pulled aside their coats and displayed shields, at the same time exclaiming that they were members of the Police Department. They raised a hue and cry about gambling and demanded to know if either Rushing or his companion had any marked bills upon their persons.

Rushing's companion pulled out his money immediately and placed it in the supposed officer's hands for inspection. Rushing followed suit, as he said, he had no fear of any of his money being marked in any way and he did not want to be placed in the light of having tried to pick a card.

Rushing admits that he was pretty well frightened and that when the supposed Chief Desmond told him that he could do was to run in different direction, he departed.

Chief Desmond could do nothing for the visitor, who seems to be a hardworking farmer of middle age. He instructed him to appear at his office this morning, however, and a special officer will be detailed to escort him to the County Courthouse at Clayton to make complaint to the county authorities.

ASKS FOR SPECIAL GRAND  
JURY ON COUNTY GAMBLING.

Attorney R. Lee Mudd Requests Clay-  
ton Court to Order an Investiga-  
tion of Poolrooms.

Attorney R. Lee Mudd of St. Louis County yesterday petitioned Judge John W. McKinney to call a special session of the Grand Jury to hear testimony of the county, and asked for process of the court to subpoena witnesses for